

# Thermal Measurements of Icy Lunar Regolith Simulant

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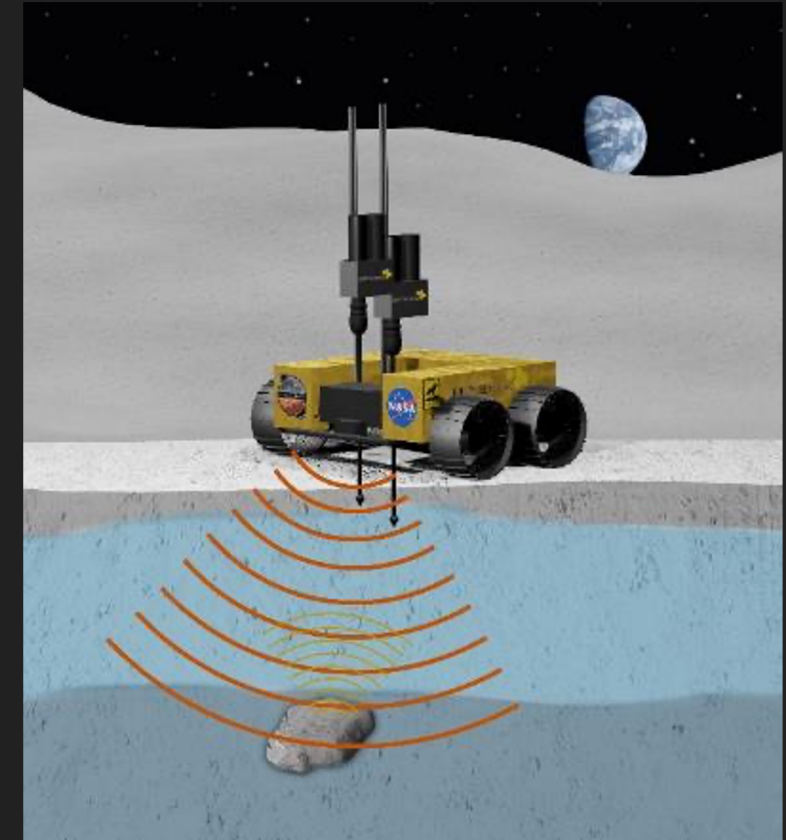
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# PHCP Project Introduction

## Percussive Hot Cone Penetrometer and Ground Penetrating Radar

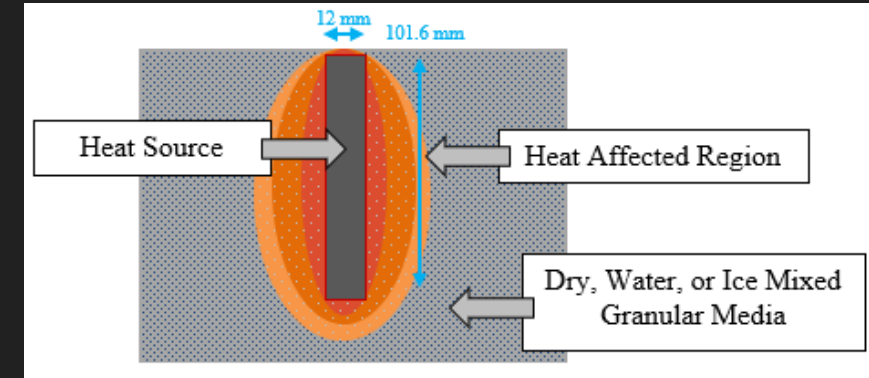
- GPR
  - Location of larger ice deposits
- Geotechnical Data
  - Cone surface pressure & load
  - Impact loads
  - Measurement of depth displacement
- Thermal Data
  - Vertical and lateral quantification of volatiles
  - Properties of desiccated regolith



# PHCP Thermal Measurement Objectives

## Atmospheric Testing

- Determine size of heat affected zone
- Thermal properties of various wt.% mixed water and ice samples
- Experimental data for thermal model
- Develop a method of correlating data with wt.% of ice



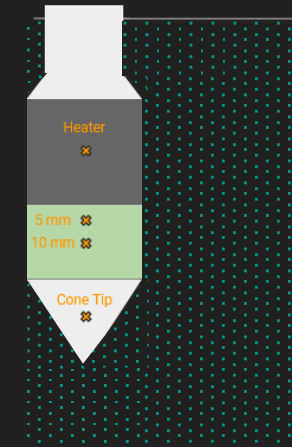
Atmospheric Testing

## Vacuum Testing

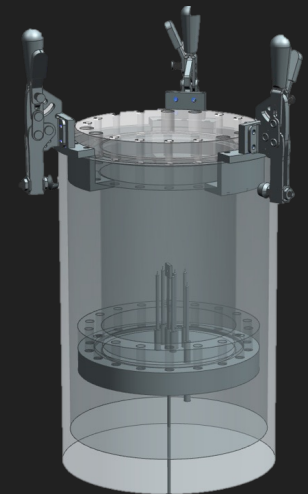
- Test thermal cone designs at medium vacuum
- Analyze thermal property differences between atmospheric and vacuum
- Refine method of correlating data with wt.% of ice

## Cryogenic Vacuum Volatiles Testing

- Thermal properties for various wt.% of LCROSS volatiles
- Experimental data correlating power and temperature measurements with wt.%



Thermal Cone  
Vacuum Testing

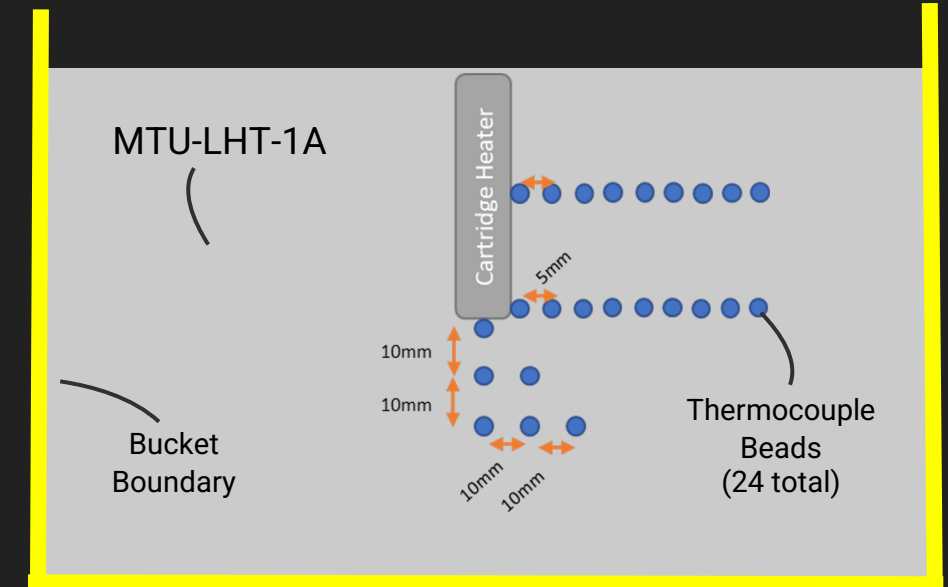


Cryogenic Vacuum  
Volatiles Testing

# Atmospheric Test Setup

Number of experimental tests conducted at three constant power levels for sample mixtures with specific weight percentages of water or ice

Sample Material and Volatile Composition	Constant Power Supplied		
	30 Watts	50 Watts	100 Watts
Dry, F-80	3	3	2
Wet 5 wt.%, F-80	1	1	1
Wet 10 wt.%, F-80	-	1	1
Frozen 5 wt.%, F-80	-	1	1
Frozen 10 wt.%, F-80	-	1	1
Dry, MTU-LHT-1A	1	1	1
Wet 1.5 wt.%, MTU-LHT-1A	1	1	1
Frozen 1.5 wt.%, MTU-LHT-1A	1	1	1
Wet 5 wt.%, MTU-LHT-1A	1	1	1
Frozen 5 wt.%, MTU-LHT-1A	1	1	1
Wet 7 wt.%, MTU-LHT-1A	1	1	1
Frozen 7 wt.%, MTU-LHT-1A	1	1	1
Wet 10 wt.%, MTU-LHT-1A	-	1	1
Frozen 10 wt.%, MTU-LHT-1A	-	1	1

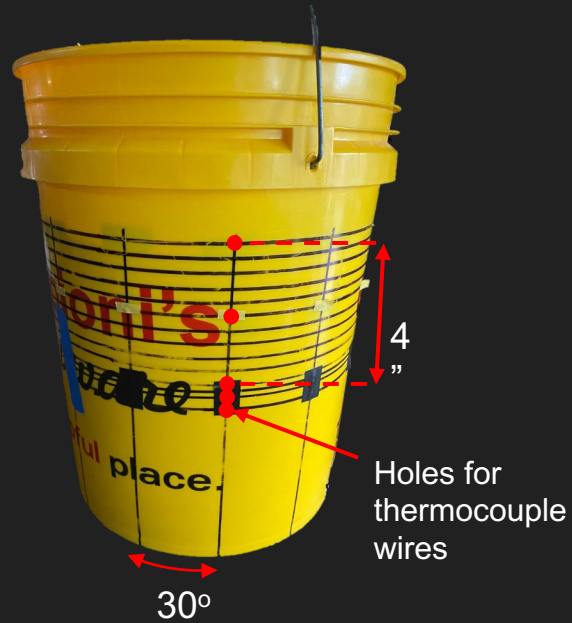


## Atmospheric Test Setup

Used to determine the size of the heat affected zone and correlate weight percentage of water and ice under atmospheric conditions



# Atmospheric Test Setup Procedure



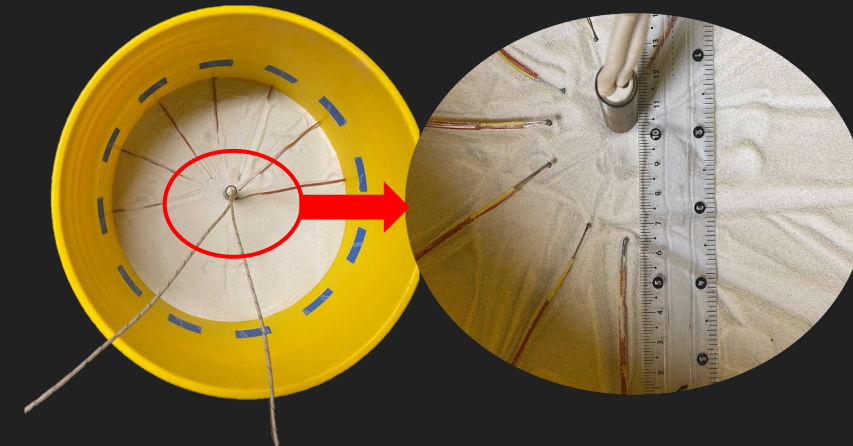
Modified 5-gallon bucket



Spray specific wt.% of water in cement mixer with lunar simulant



Vibratory compaction or Consistent compressive compaction

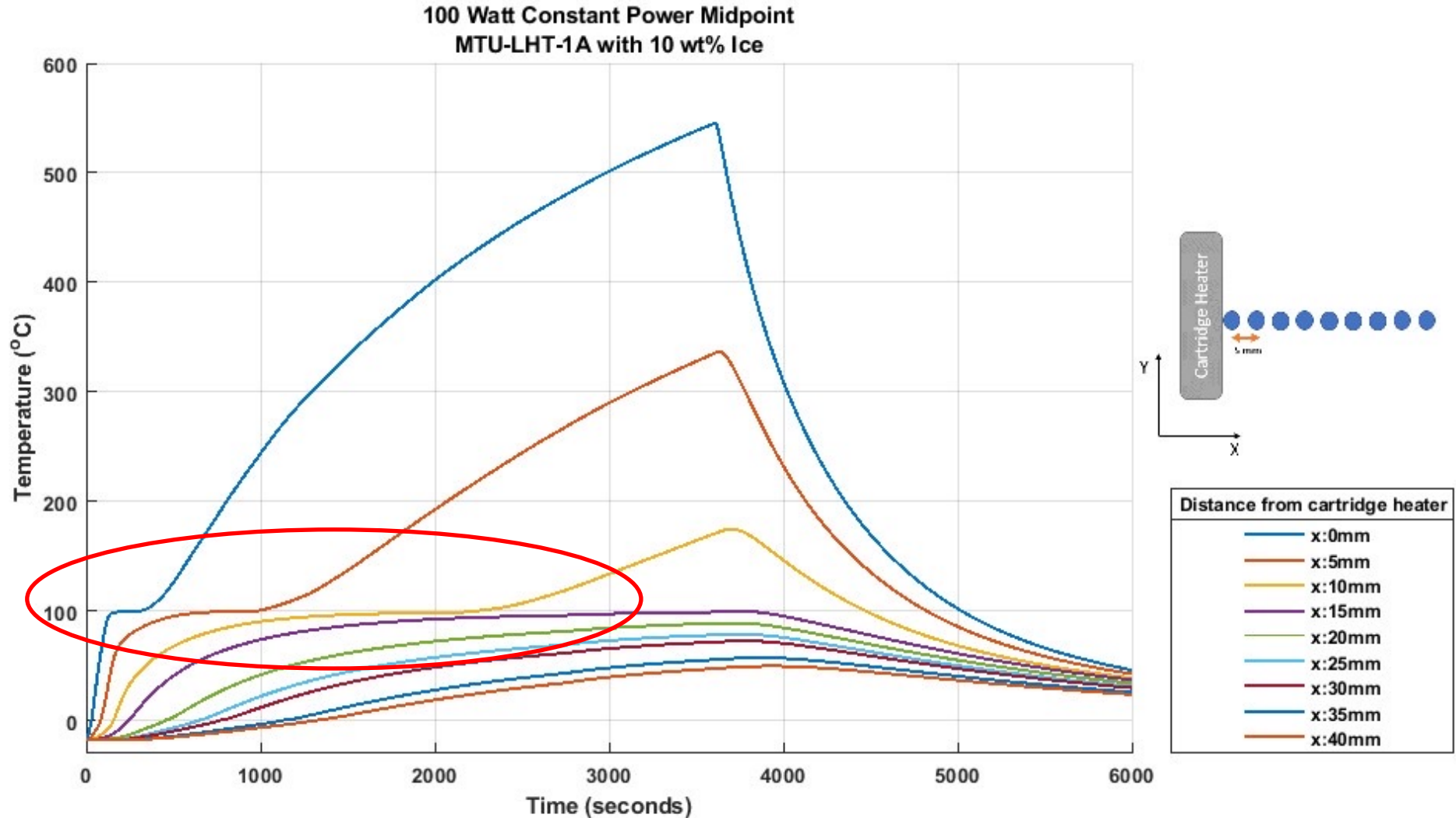


Heater and relative thermocouple spacing

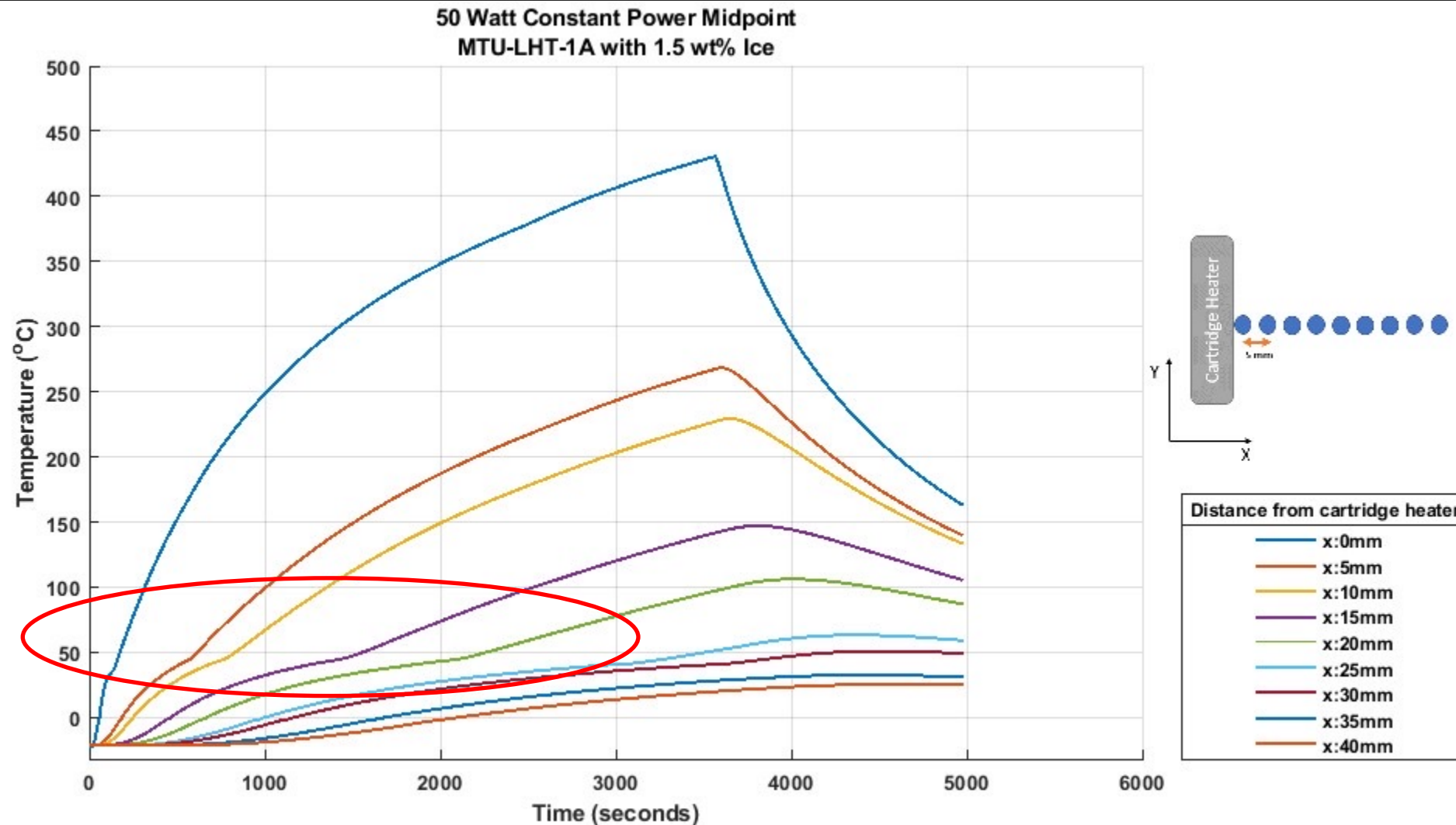
# Atmospheric Test Results



10wt% Frozen Water &  
MTU-LHT-1A @  
Constant 100 Watts

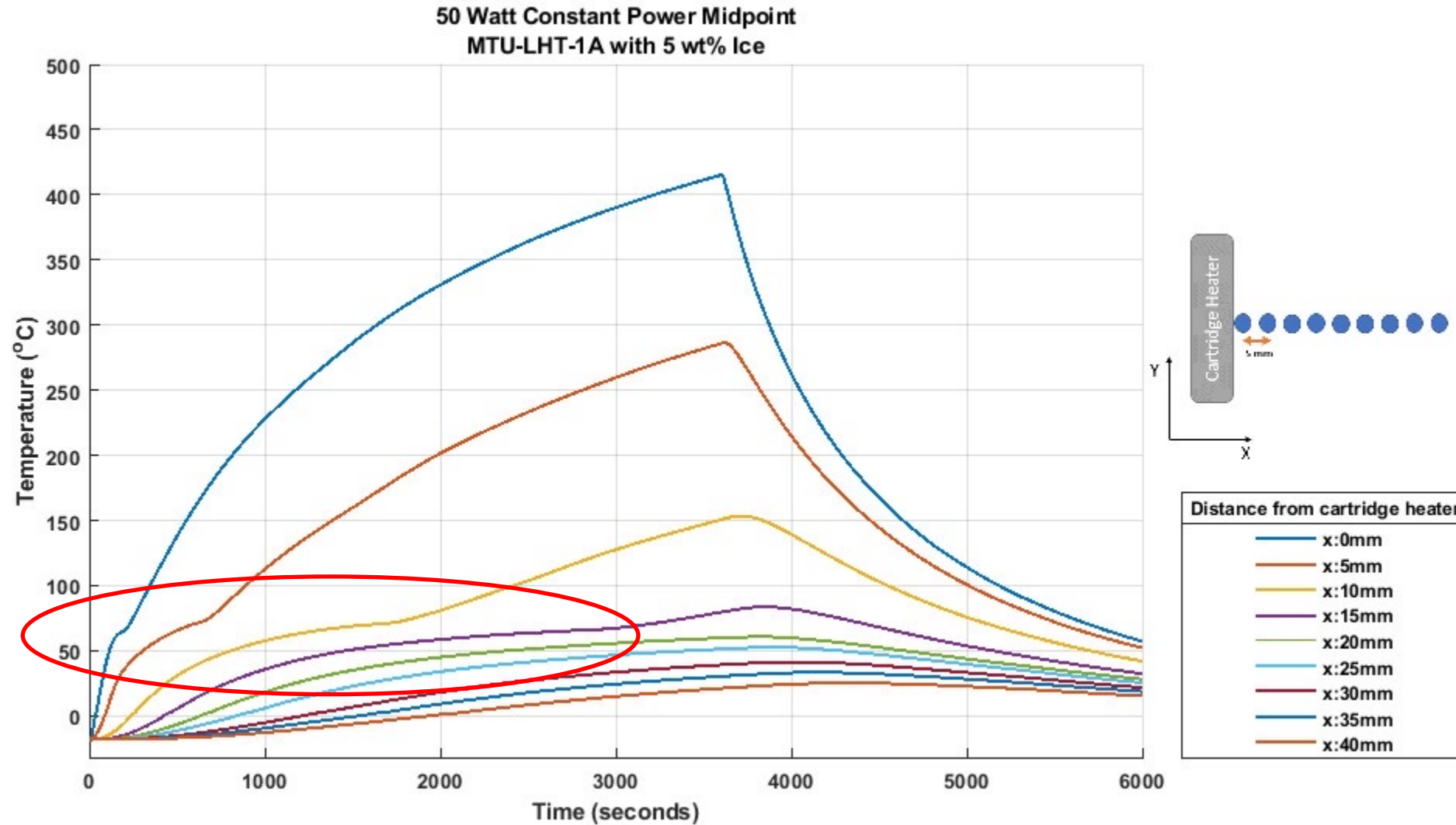


# Atmospheric Test Results

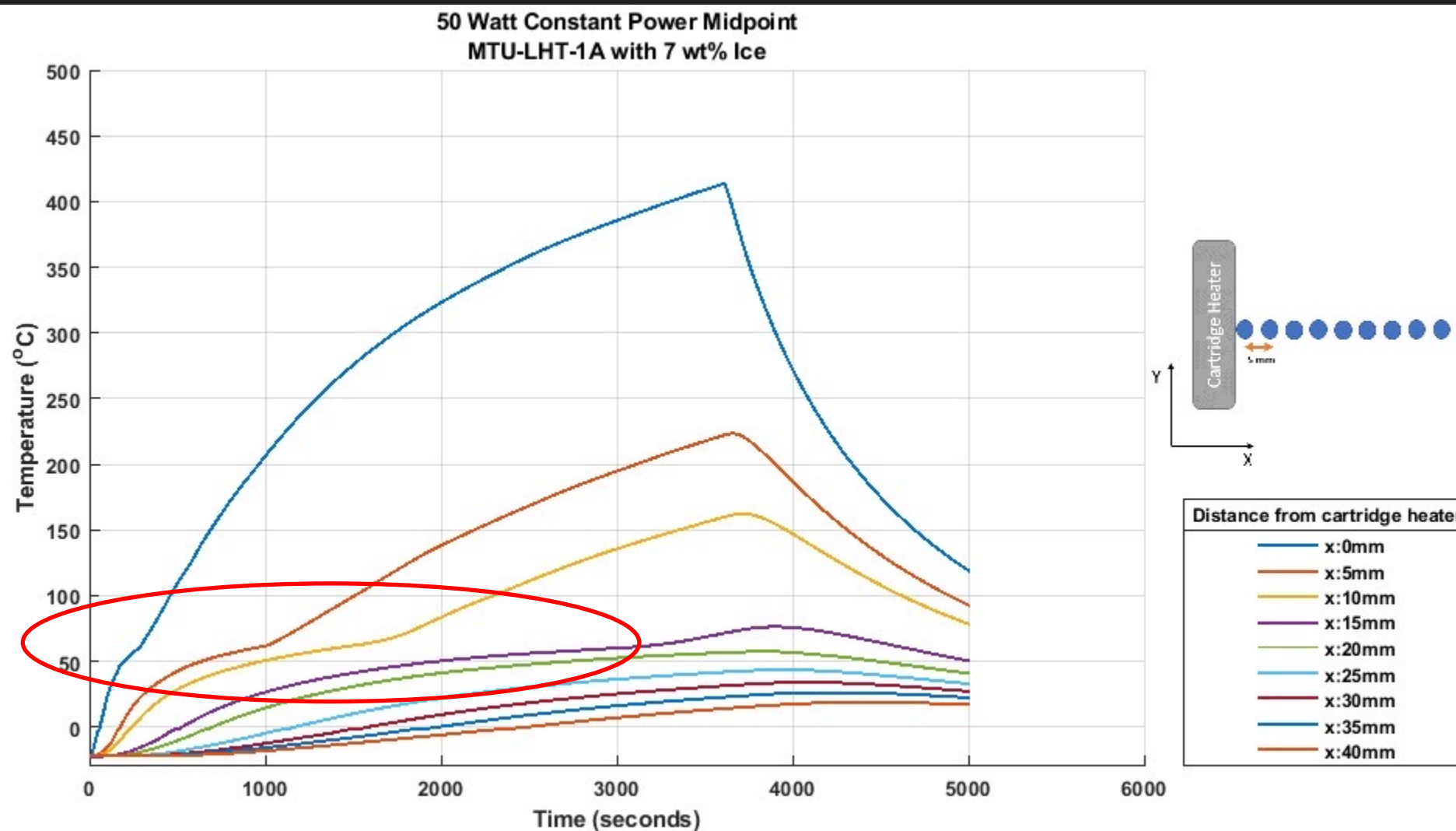




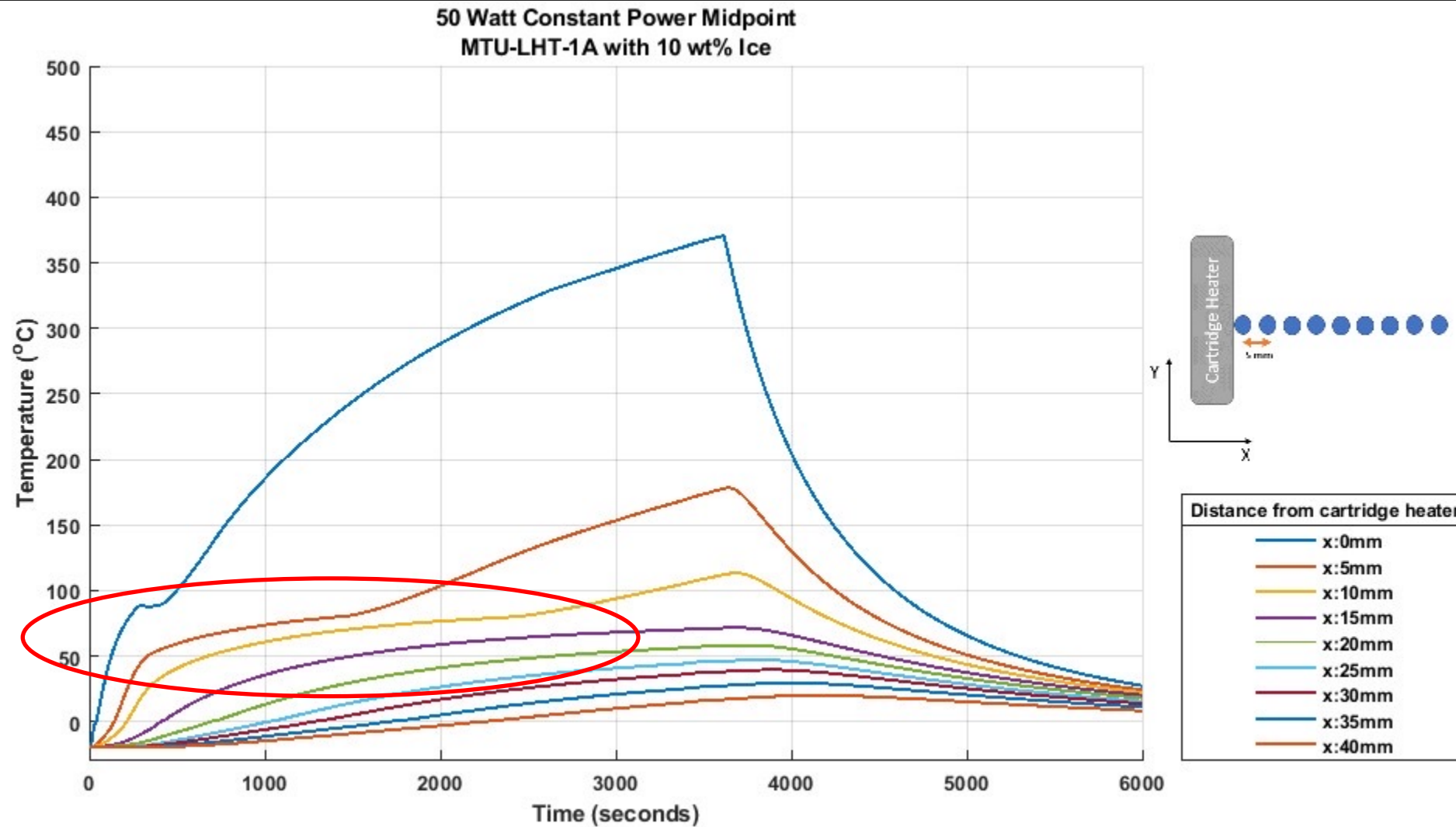
# Atmospheric Test Results



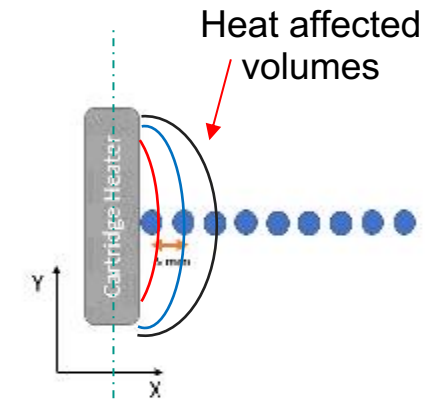
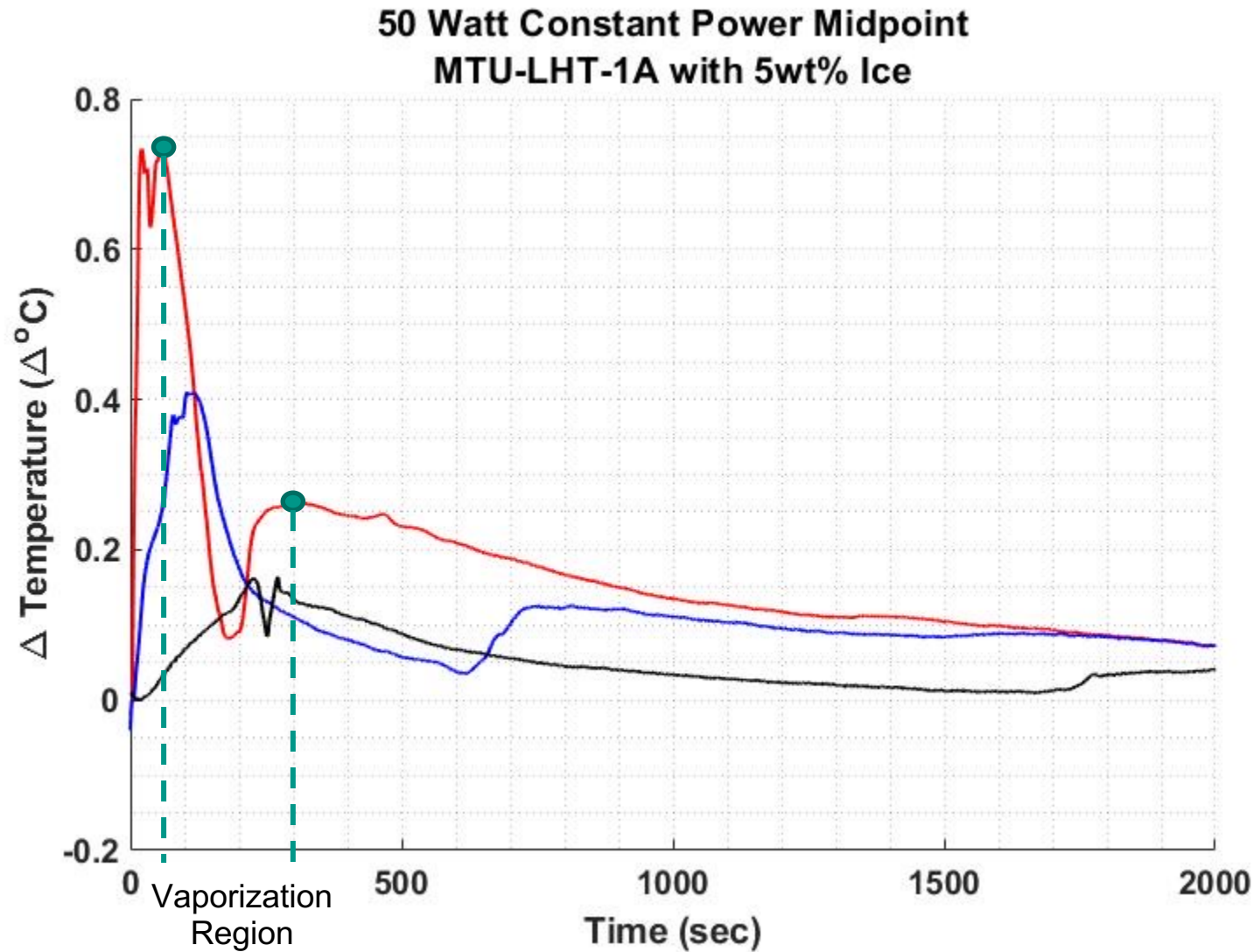
# Atmospheric Test Results



# Atmospheric Test Results



# Atmospheric Data Analysis and wt.% Correlation



Distance from cartridge heater	
<span style="color: red;">—</span>	0 mm
<span style="color: blue;">—</span>	5 mm
<span style="color: black;">—</span>	10 mm



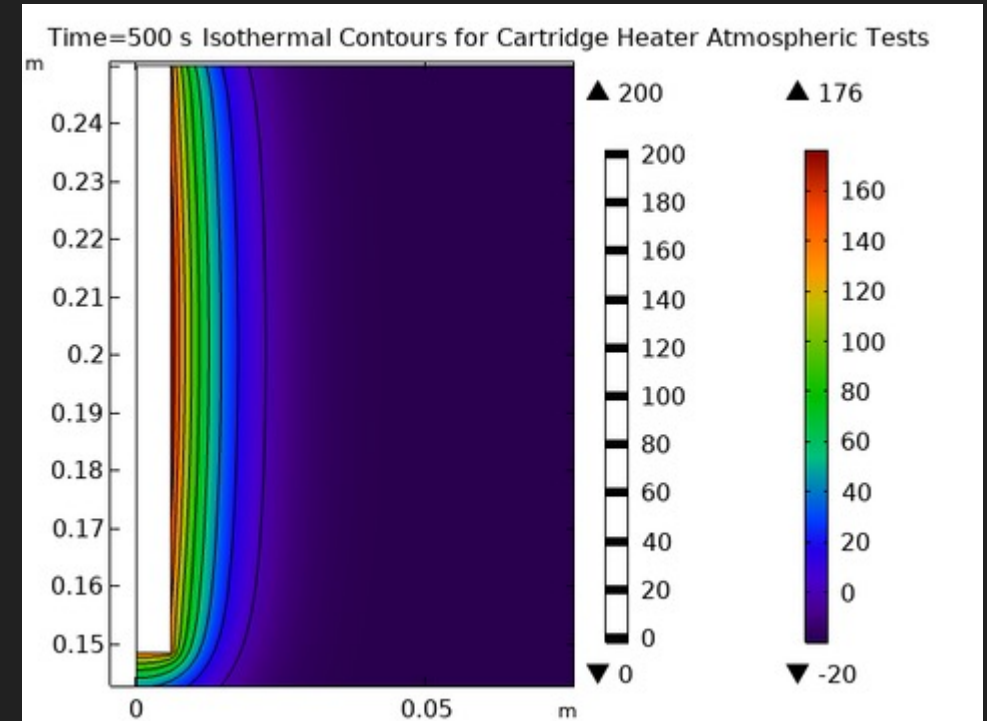
# Atmospheric Data Analysis and wt.% Correlation

## Knowns:

- Time duration of phase change & power supplied over that time
- Specific heat capacity of dry MTU-LHT-1A
- Volume and mass of dry or mixed regolith samples at each thermocouple location

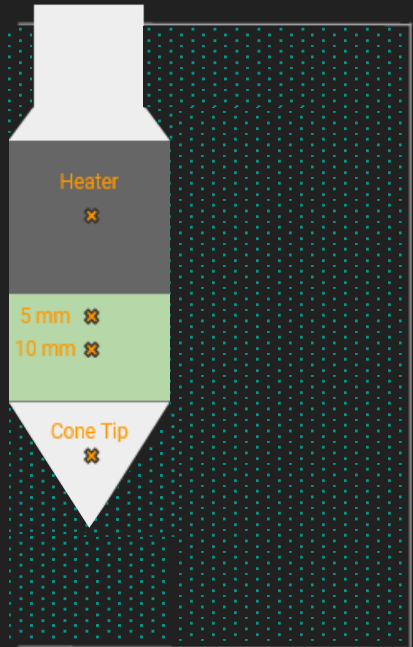
## Solving for:

- Energy input difference between dry and volatile mixed samples
- Weight percentage of volatile



Avg 2 mm volume	Avg 5 mm volume	Avg 10 mm volume
1.456 E-4 m <sup>3</sup>	4.104 E-4 m <sup>3</sup>	7.853 m <sup>3</sup>

# Thermal Cone Designs



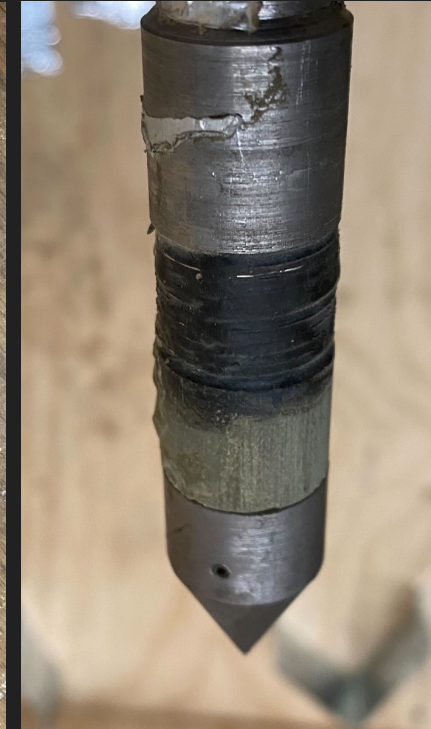
Thermal Cone  
Vacuum Testing



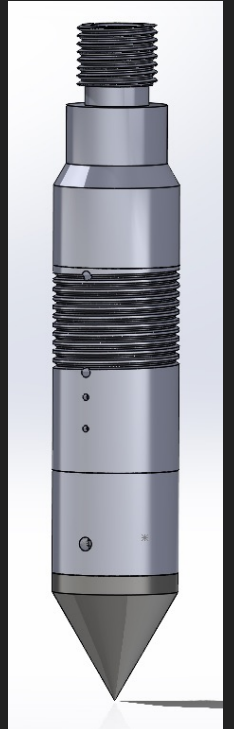
Thermal Cone  
Vacuum Test Setup



Aluminum Thermal  
Cone mk1

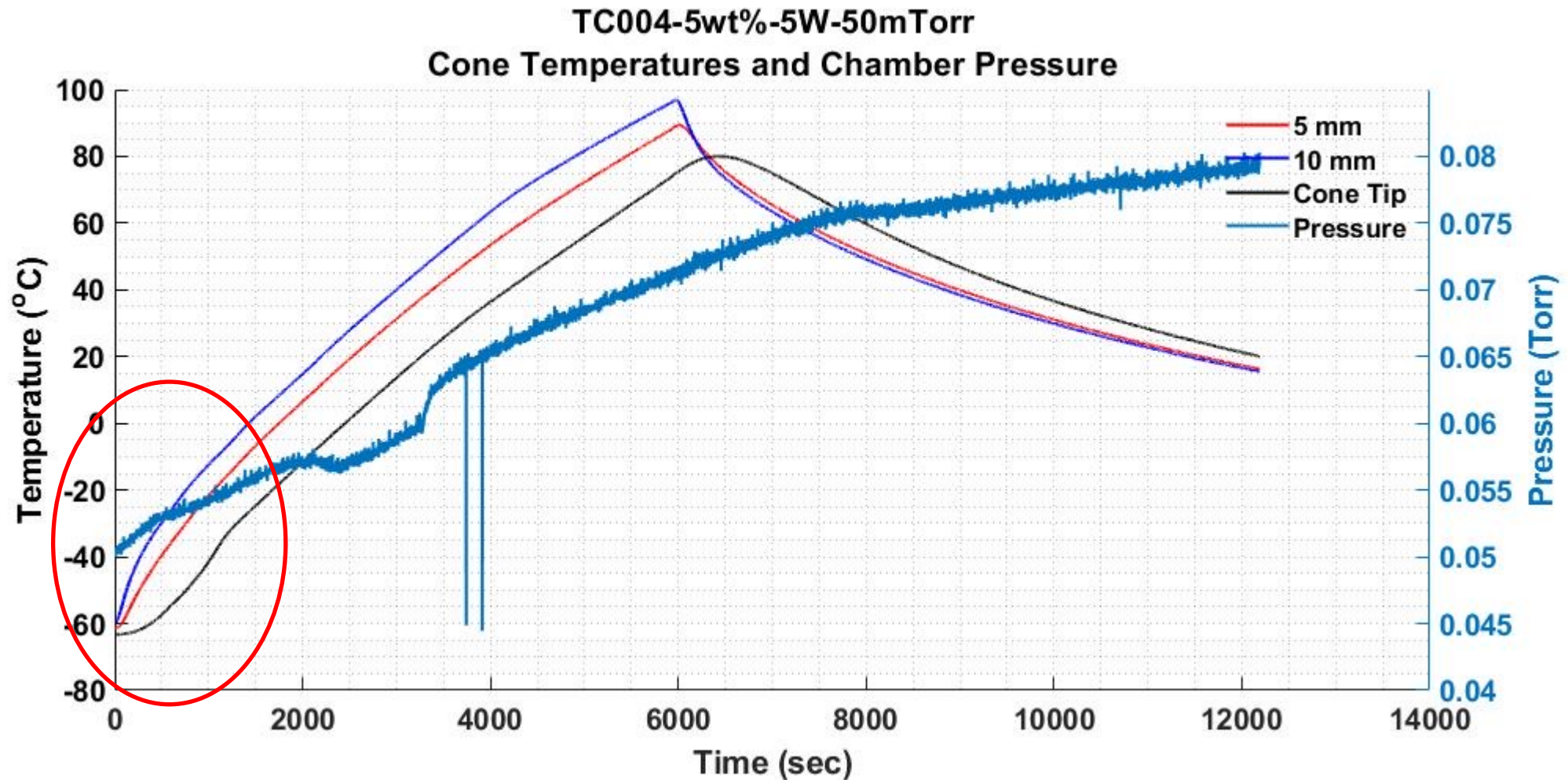


Steel Thermal Cone  
mk2



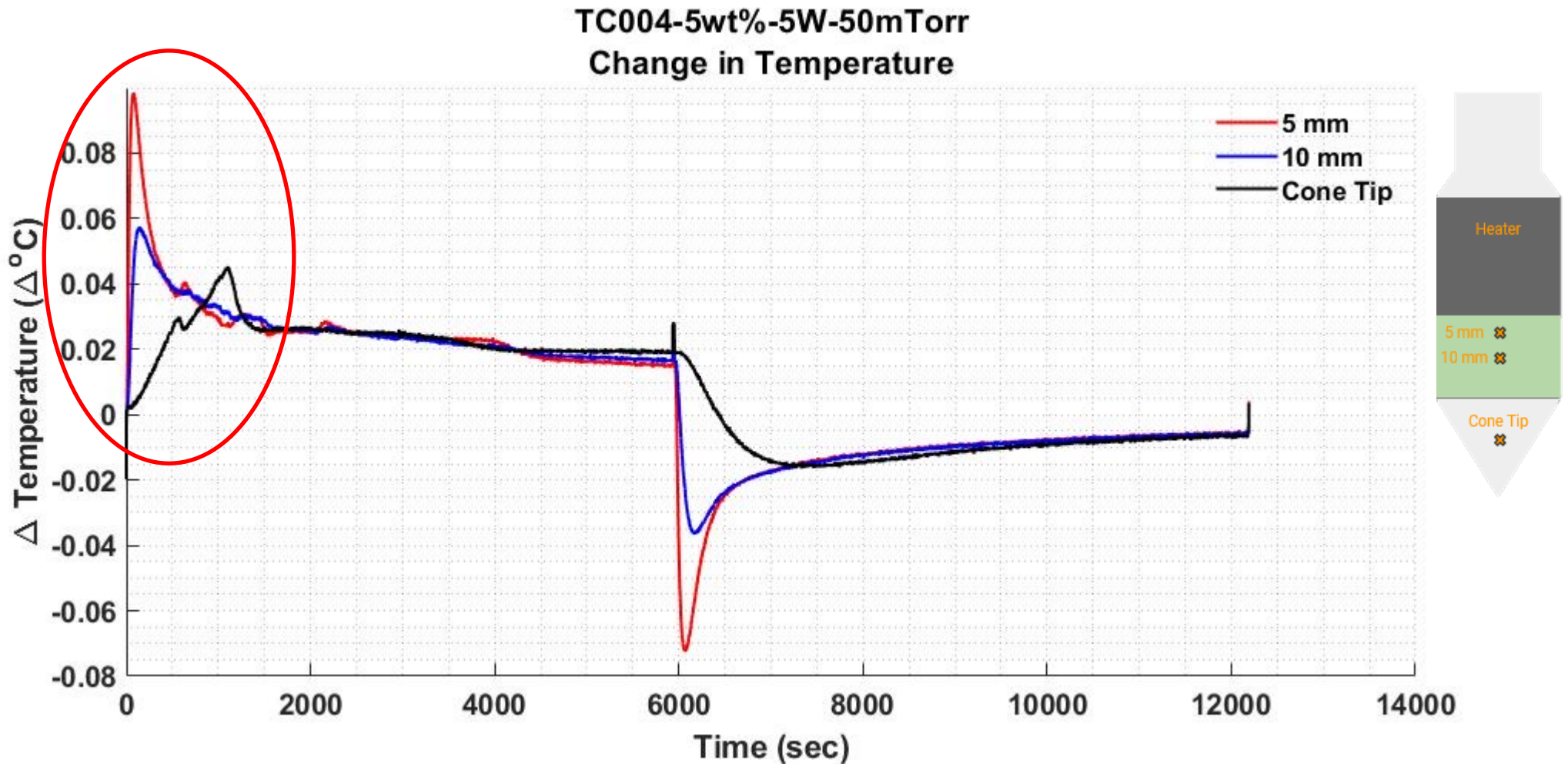


# Thermal Cone Vacuum Test Results



\* Discrete ice / snow particle inclusion

# Thermal Cone Vacuum Test Results



# Cryogenic Vacuum Volatiles Thermal Measurement Test Setup

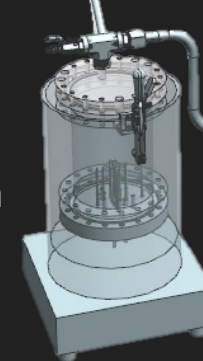
Volatiles being considered for testing. Extracted from LCROSS data  
(Colaprete et al. 2010)

Volatile Species	Target Temperature (Tripple Point)
H <sub>2</sub> O - Water	< 0 °C
CO <sub>2</sub> - Carbon Dioxide	< -56 °C
CH <sub>4</sub> - Methane	< -182 °C
C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> - Ethylene	< -169 °C
CH <sub>3</sub> OH - Methanol	< -98 °C
SO <sub>2</sub> - Sulfur Dioxide	< -75 °C

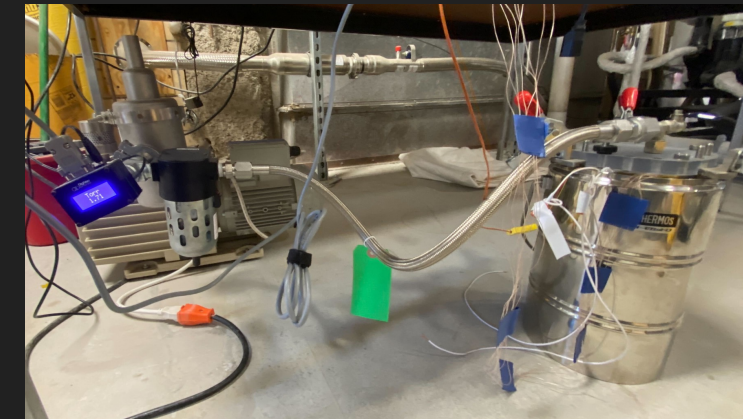
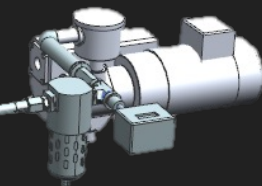
Chilled  
volatile  
mixing



Chilled  
vacuum  
testing  
vessel



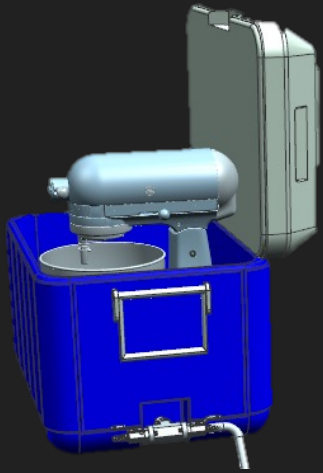
Vacuum pump  
with inline filter



Volatile vacuum vessel test setup



# Cryogenic Vacuum Volatiles Thermal Measurement Test Setup



Chilled volatile  
mixing



Insulated LN<sub>2</sub> bath box in fume hood



Volatile plunger and LN<sub>2</sub> box



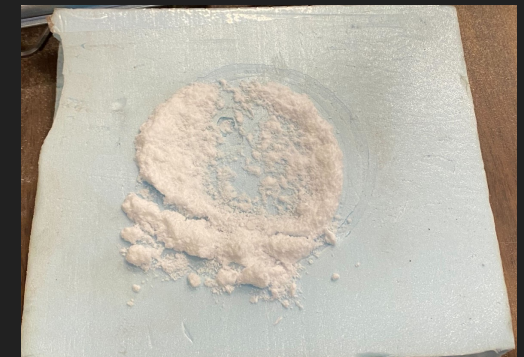
Frozen volatile LN<sub>2</sub> cooled  
tube testing



LN<sub>2</sub> bath box

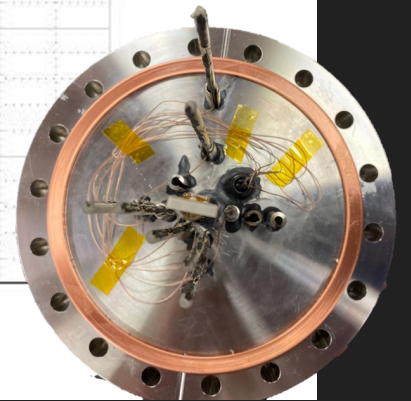
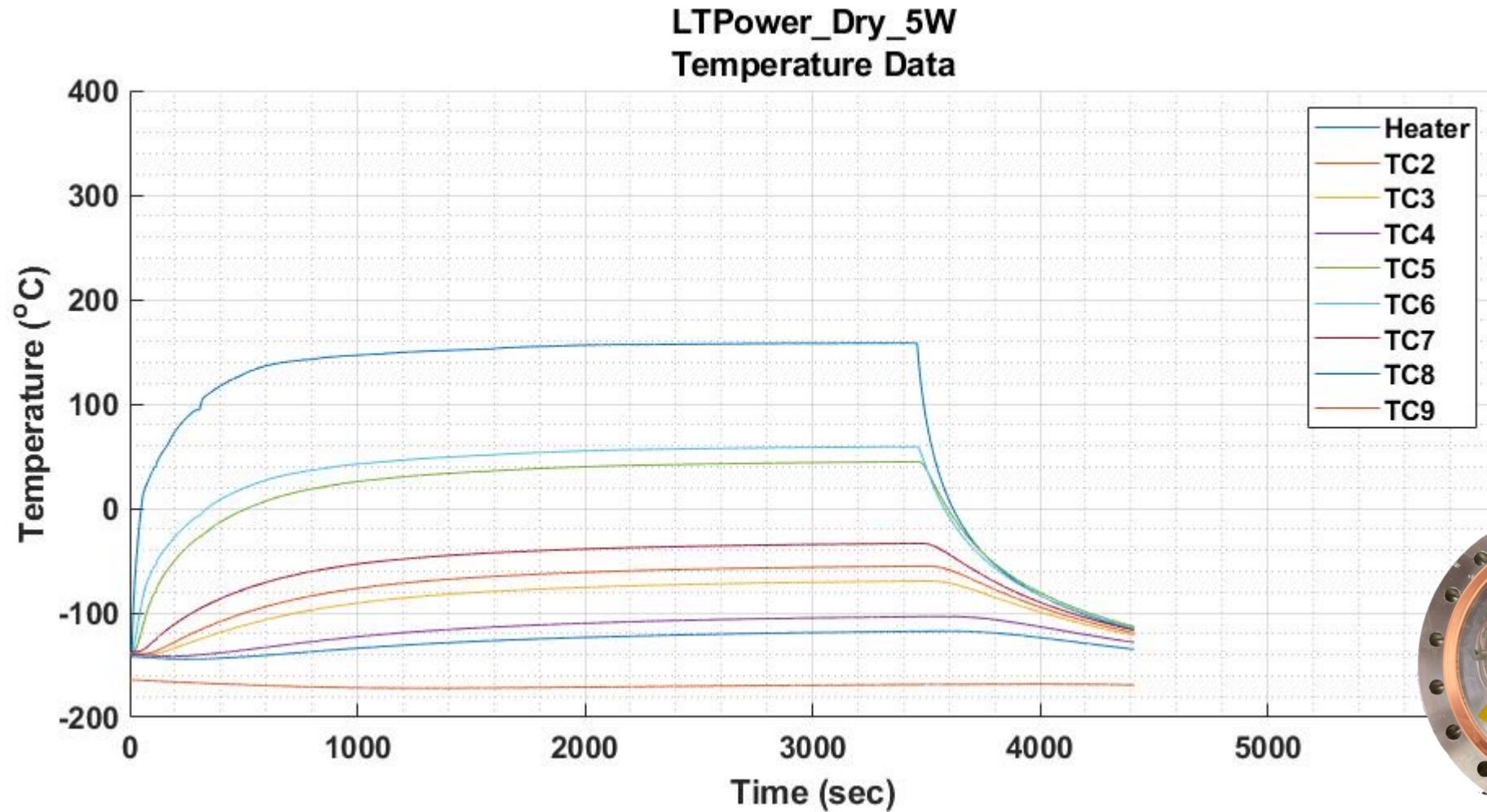


Plunger with nozzles for volatile  
deposition and compression  
rings for volatile snow collection



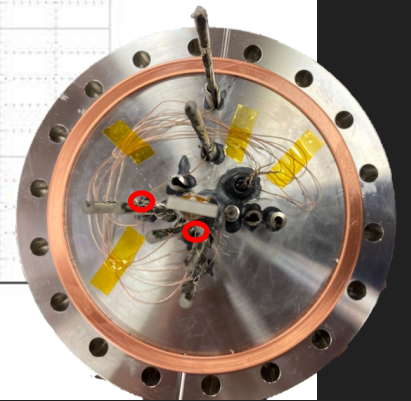
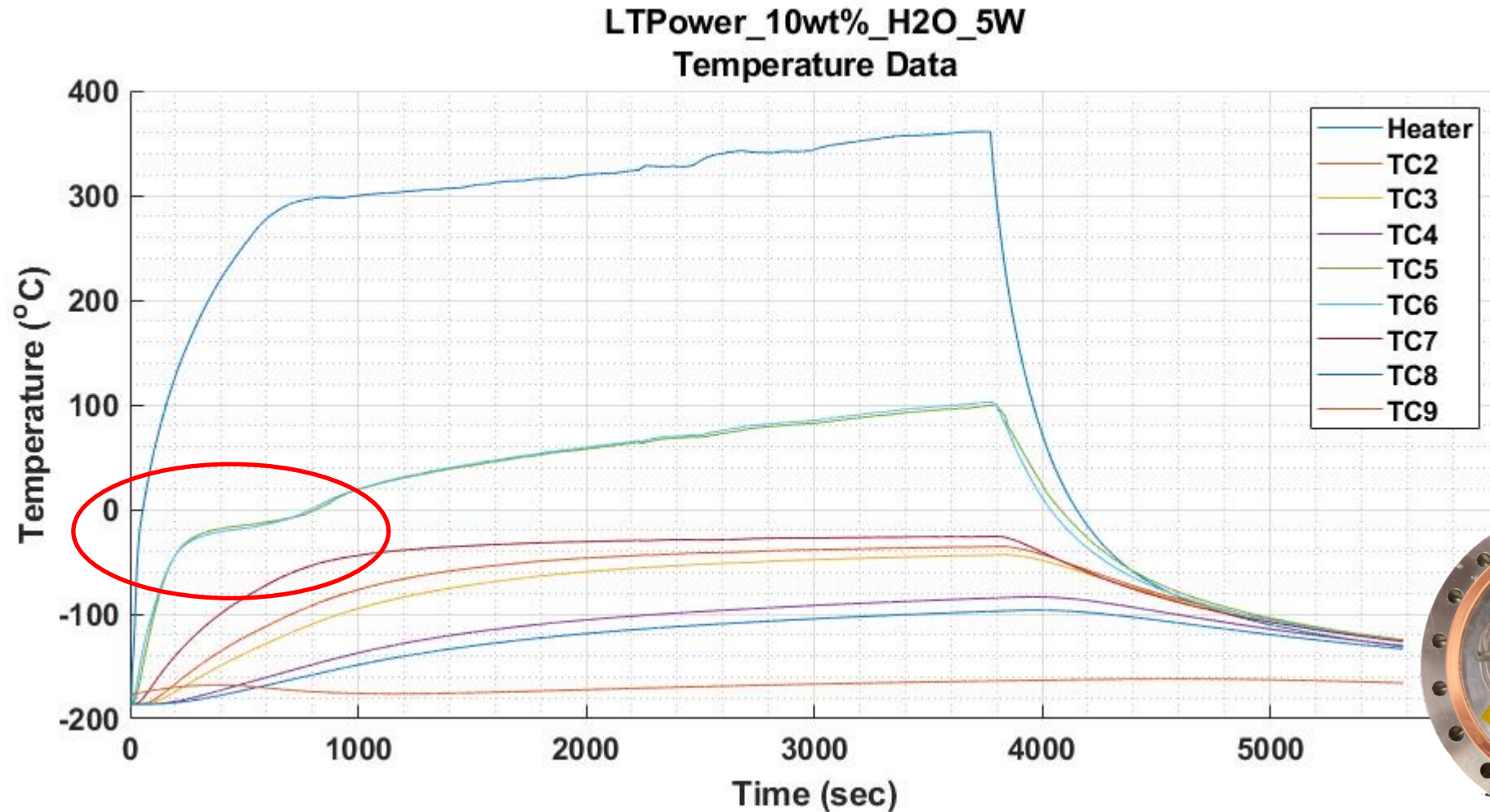
Frozen CO<sub>2</sub> snow collection

# Cryogenic Vacuum Volatiles Test Results





# Cryogenic Vacuum Volatiles Test Results



\* Discrete ice / snow particle inclusion

# Acknowledgements

## PSTDL LuSTR Thermal Team



Dr. Paul van Susante  
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